Appl. No. 10/708,304 Amdt. dated 20 March 2006

Reply to Office action of 20 September 2005

## Amendments to the Specification

Please replace the Abstract of the Disclosure section with the following paragraph:

## **ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

A device and method to detect force and provide feedback to a runner or jogger so that the person can judge whether to adjust his or her stride in order to lessen the impact on his or her body. The device includes a housing, a power supply, a piezo sensor, a controller, and an output generator. The piezo sensor is accommodated within a user's shoe and is connected to the controller, and the controller, output generator and power supply are accommodated within the housing. The controller is connected to the output generator so that it is set to generate a signal to the output generator when a threshold level of force signal is received from the piezo sensor. The sensor signals the controller when force from an impact is applied to the piezo sensor and the controller signals the output generator when one or more signals indicating threshold levels of force have been reached, and the output generator generates a perceivable signal in response to the controller's one or more signals.

Appl. No. 10/708,304 Amdt. dated 20 March 2006

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Please replace paragraphs 1 and 2 with the following paragraphs:

[0001] Force detection devices have been commonly used in the prior art for rehabilitation from injuries caused by trauma to lower limbs. A large percentage of joggers and runners become injured in some fashion while running. Most of these joggers and runners do not realize that an improper stride may directly lead to, or at a minimum, contribute to these injuries. Overstriding is one example of an improper stride used by runners. Webster's dictionary defines overstride as "to stride over or beyond." Overstriding most often occurs when a moving person's foot strikes the ground in a position in front of a point directly below the runner's center of gravity. In this situation, the center of gravity is located just above the center of the pelvis when that person is running, and when a runner's foot strikes the ground too far in front of the center of gravity, the foot acts to brake or slow down the runner's momentum. The foot can land on the ground in a propping or braking position. When this happens, the foot's impact retards the forward motion of

[0002] A typical foot strike creates large impact forces which are mostly absorbed by the body's muscles, tendons, and ligaments. Any misalignment or imbalance in the gait can turn into a problem due to the repetition of the movements in walking, jogging or running. Most joggers and runners are unaware of these misalignments or imbalances, and of the loss of forward motion associated with inefficient strides, and many can spend an entire lifetime of running or jogging without knowing how much more economical their running or jogging action would be if they

the body, and additional energy must be then expended to compensate for the loss.



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learned to adjust to a more efficient stride. For example, some runners may need to reduce their overall stride length and pick up their cadence to achieve the desired strides in their gait.

Please replace paragraphs 8 and 9 with the following paragraphs:

[0008] The apparatus includes a body force alarming apparatus comprising a housing, a power supply, a piezo sensor, a controller, and an output generator, wherein said piezo sensor is accommodated within a user's shoe and connected to said controller, wherein said piezo sensor, controller and said output generator are connected to said power supply, wherein said controller, output generator and power supply are accommodated within said housing, wherein said controller is connected to said output generator, wherein said controller is set to generate a signal to the output generator when a threshold level of force signal is received from said piezo sensor, wherein said sensor signals said controller when force from an impact is applied to said piezo sensor, wherein said controller signals said output generator when one or more signals indicating threshold levels of force have been reached, and wherein said output generator generates a perceivable signal in response to a signal from said controller.

[0009] An embodiment of the body force alarming apparatus includes two or more piezo sensors to provide feedback when one or more levels of force are sensed instead of one. Another embodiment includes a means to automatically adjust the controller. Another embodiment of the present invention includes a microcontroller wherein said microcontroller, once activated by a user with a switch, performs the steps of recording one or more impact levels for a predetermined period of time, averaging said amounts of impact recorded over said period of

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time; and setting the controller's feedback threshold to an amount above or below the average value. Yet another embodiment includes a microcontroller wherein said microcontroller, once activated by a user with a switch, performs the steps of recording one or more impact levels for a predetermined period of time, averaging said amounts of impact recorded over said period of time; and setting the controller's feedback threshold to an amount greater than said average.

Please replace paragraph 11 with the following paragraph:

[0011] Yet another embodiment of the body force alarming apparatus includes an impact transducer. Another embodiment of the body force alarming apparatus includes the sensor, controller and feedback generator accommodated within a person's shoe. Another embodiment of the body force alarming apparatus includes a perceivable signal that is an audio beep, a musical tone or tones, a click, a vibration, a shock, a pressure applied to the user, or a light emission.

Please replace paragraph 26 with the following paragraph:

[0026] Lead wires are either already connected to the piezo sensors as purchased or they are connected after the product is cut. The piezo sensor is connected by a wire to controller which is designed to receive and evaluate the signals from the sensor. The sensor in one embodiment is placed inside a user's shoe, under the sole of the foot. The sensor can be placed within a user's shoe, for example it can be contained in a user's insole, midsole, or it can be placed within other areas of the shoe. It can also be affixed with adhesive to a portion of an insole, midsole or the

To: USPTO Page 13 of 60



Appl. No. 10/708,304

Amdt. dated 20 March 2006

Reply to Office action of 20 September 2005

shoe itself. It can also be placed anywhere on the body to measure impact at that point on the body.

Please replace paragraphs 29-34 with the following paragraphs:

[0029] Before the embodiments of the present invention are initially used, they are pre-set to generate output when at least one specific amount of force is sensed by the controller. In later steps, the controller is set to generate a signal to the output generator when a threshold level of force signal is received from said sensor. This is initially set before the first use to produce an output signal when a certain amount of impact force is sensed, and this amount is approximately 50 percent of a two hundred pound human's weight. This can be changed at any time before or after the initial use based on the user's preferences.

[0030] The auto adjusting features of other embodiments can be used in different ways with the main goal which is to allow auto adjusting of the controller so that the level of desired feedback is set automatically to the user's preference. The threshold levels can be auto adjusted to various levels depending on level of feedback desired and the amount of impact generated by the user.

[0031] In one embodiment, a runner can run with his or her normal stride to calibrate the base